

## **Payer Challenges**

#### 2024 CHA CFO Forum

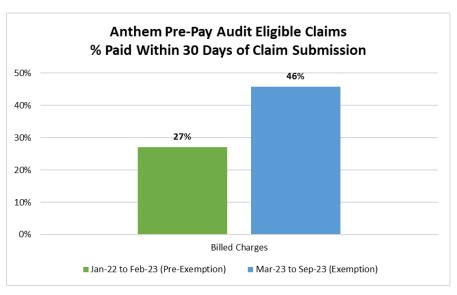
Children's Healthcare of Atlanta



# **Pre-Payment Audits**

### **Anthem Blue Cross Blue Shield**

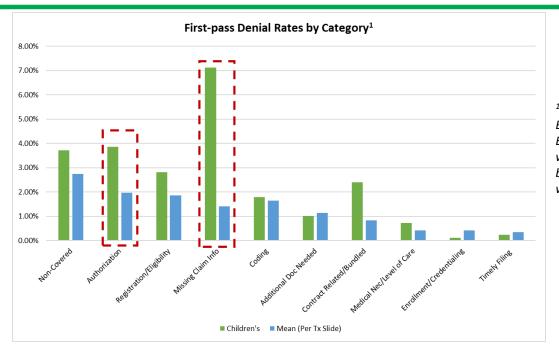
- Children's is subject to Anthem's pre-payment audit policy, requiring the submission of itemized bills for all claims with billed charges in excess of \$125k (IP) / \$100k (OP)
- After demonstrating the administrative burden and limited financial benefits for Anthem associated with the policy, Anthem granted Children's a temporary policy exemption from Mar-23 to Sep-23
- Children's experienced a significant decrease in payment timeframes for pre-pay eligible claims during the exemption period; however, despite this success, Anthem was unwilling to extend the exemption without significant concessions from Children's





### **Denial Trends and Management**

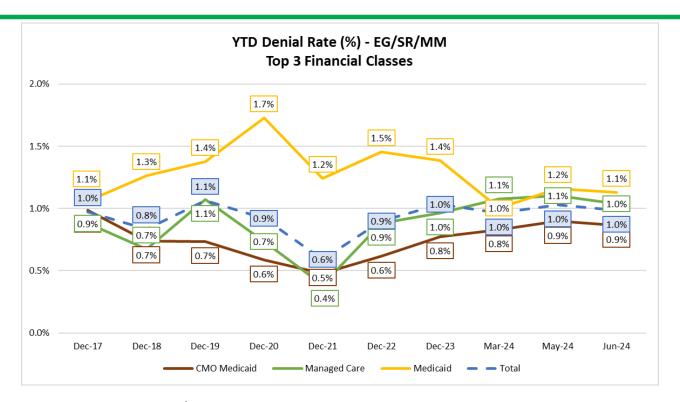
### **First-pass Denials**



<sup>1</sup>Source Data: Epic Denial Pulse – Hospital Billing as of 7/24/2024 Epic Calculation: Number of denial payments with remit code mapped to category divided by total number of payments in past four weeks

- **Authorization:** 50% of denials are from Managed Care financial class. Driven largely by CHIPRA-related authorization denials when patients are retroactively enrolled in Managed Care plan after admission.
- Missing Claim Info: Driven primarily by GA Medicaid's very broad usage of remittance code 16 (Claim/service lacks
  information or has submission/billing errors) for a variety of denial reasons. GA Medicaid accounts for 76% of this code's total
  usage.

### **HB Final Denials**



- YTD Denial Rate = YTD Denial write-offs / YTD Gross Revenue
- Write-off transactions are generally entered at the gross account balance amount. On occasion, such as for partial governmental denials where the gross amount is difficult to derive, the transaction value may be net



## Revenue Cycle

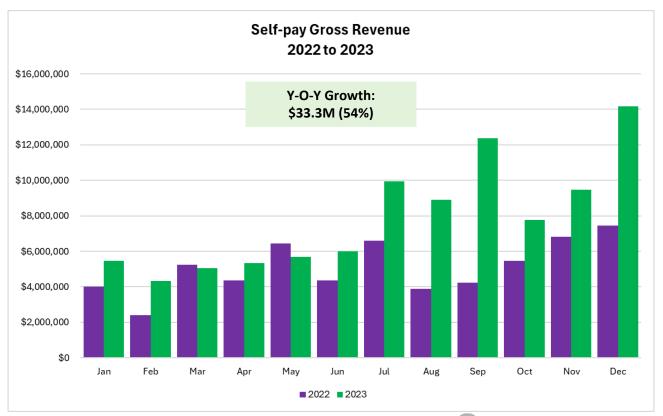
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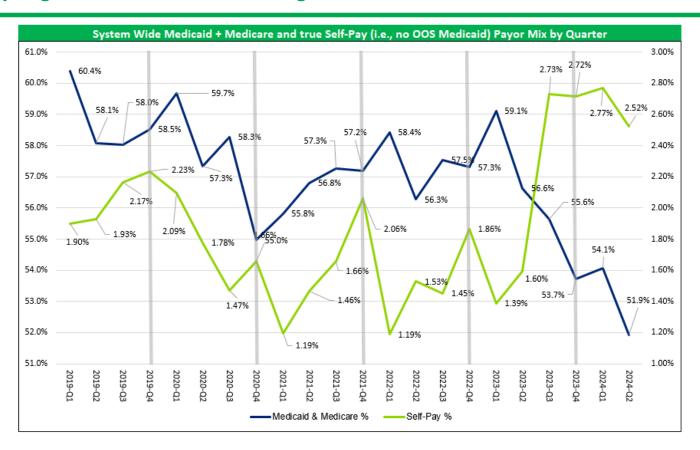
### **Background**

- April 2023: Georgia Medicaid initiated the redetermination process
- April 2023: GA Medicaid enrollment: 2.5M members (source: kff.org)
- **July 2023**: Children's began to observe a significant increase in Self-pay gross revenue
- February 2024: As a result of the Change Healthcare cyber-attack,
   Children's lost the ability to produce and send patient statements
- March 2024: GA Medicaid enrollment: 2.0M members (source: kff.org)

## Self-pay Gross Revenue (HB): 2022 – 2023



### Self-pay & Medicaid Payer Mix Trends: 2019 - 2024



# Rate Volume Mix Analysis - 2022 vs 2023

Top of House by Fin Clas	s for 2022 vs 2023	3						Rate - Volume - M	ix Analysis \$		Rat	te - Volume ·	- Mix Analys	is %
	Year <b>▽</b>													
	2022			2023										
Fin Class	# of HARs	Gross\$	\$/HAR	# of HARs	Gross\$	\$/HAR	Rate	Volume	Mix	Total Var	Rate	Volume	Mix	Tota Var
CMO Medicaid	207,869	1,736,275,395	8,353	205,058	1,823,460,169	8,892	85,639,792	(23,479,548)	25,024,529	87,184,774	21.55%	-5.91%	6.30%	21.93%
Commercial	1,641	14,040,133	8,556	1,078	7,895,790	7,324	461,160	(4,816,938)	(1,788,564)	(6,144,342)	0.12%	-1.21%	-0.45%	-1.55%
Managed Care	179,146	1,719,551,991	9,599	184,909	1,921,879,791	10,394	88,743,438	55,316,770	58,267,591	202,327,800	22.33%	13.92%	14.66%	50.90%
Medicaid	41,729	761,976,744	18,260	42,387	835,099,742	19,702	38,699,595	12,015,162	22,408,241	73,122,998	9.74%	3.02%	5.64%	18.40%
Medicare	1,368	19,594,564	14,324	1,094	22,023,063	20,131	783,496	(3,924,642)	5,569,645	2,428,499	0.20%	-0.99%	1.40%	0.61%
Out of State Medicaid	1,385	13,492,863	9,742	1,246	12,417,706	9,966	606,935	(1,354,157)	(327,935)	(1,075,157)	0.15%	-0.34%	-0.08%	-0.27%
Self-Pay	9,860	61,289,559	6,216	15,163	94,541,594	6,235	4,712,645	32,963,340	(4,423,950)	33,252,035	1.19%	8.29%	-1.11%	8.37%
Shared Service	80	6,602,081	82,526	116	7,960,640	68,626	478,651	2,970,936	(2,091,028)	1,358,559	0.12%	0.75%	-0.53%	0.34%
Tricare	7,509	99,300,485	13,224	7,639	104,330,288	13,658	5,050,982	1,719,145	(1,740,324)	5,029,803	1.27%	0.43%	-0.44%	1.27%
Grand Total	450,587	4,432,123,815	9,836	458,690	4,829,608,783	10,529	225,591,381	79,703,807	92,189,781	397,484,969	56.75%	20.05%	23.19%	100.00%
			Y-O-Y Gros	s \$ Change	397,484,969									
Self Pay Only by Base Cla	ass for 2022 vs 20	23						Rate - Volume - M	ix Analysis \$		Rat	te - Volume	- Mix Analys	is%
FIN_CLASS	Self-Pay												·	
_														
	Year 🔻													
	2022			2023										
Base Class	# of HARs	Gross\$	\$/HAR	# of HARs	Gross\$	\$/HAR	Rate	Volume	Mix	Total Var	Rate	Volume	Mix	Tota Var
Ambulatory Surgery	279	3,142,334	11,263	362	4,236,395	11,703	203,858	934,816	(44,613)	1,094,061	0.61%	2.81%	-0.13%	3.29%
Emergency	5,566	15,419,547	2,770	8,626	25,449,073	2,950	1,194,835	8,477,150	357,541	10,029,526	3.59%	25.49%	1.08%	30.16%
Inpatient	382	24,606,903	64,416	698	35,885,783	51,412	2,248,118	20,355,449	(11,324,686)	11,278,880	6.76%	61.22%	-34.06%	33.92%
Outpatient	3,633	18,120,774	4,988	5,477	28,970,343	5,289	1,365,916	9,197,552	286,100	10,849,569	4.11%	27.66%	0.86%	32.63%
Grand Total	9,860	61,289,559	6,216	15,163	94,541,594	6,235	4,712,645	32,963,340	(4,423,950)	33,252,035	14.17%	99.13%	-13.30%	100.00%
			Y-O-Y Gros	s \$ Change	33,252,035									

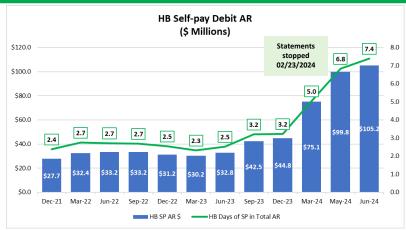
Volume is the key-driver for the significant increase in self-pay revenue between 2022 and 2023

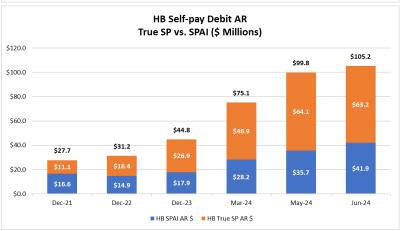
### Rate Volume Mix Analysis – 2023 vs 2024 Annualized

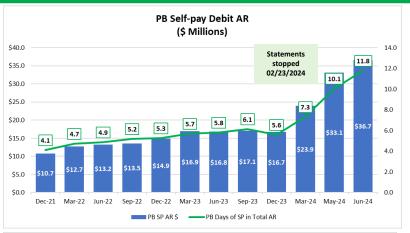
Top of House by Fin Cla	ass for 2023 vs 2024 (an	nualized)															
											Rate - Volume -	Mix Analysis \$		Rate	- Volume -	Mix Analy	sis %
	2023			2024	YTD (Jan to Ap	r)		2024 Annualized									
Fin Class	# of HARs	Gross \$	\$/HAR	# of HARs	Gross \$	\$/HAR	# of HARs	Gross \$	\$/HAR	Rate	Volume	Mix	Total Var	Rate	Volume	Mix	Tota Var
CMO Medicaid	205,058	1,823,460,169	8,892	64,853	590,099,499	9,099	194,559	1,770,298,496	9,099	82,179,690	(93,361,431)	(41,979,932)	(53,161,673)	15.7%	-17.8%	-8.0%	-10.1%
Commercial	1,078	7,895,790	7,324	658	6,482,073	9,851	1,974	19,446,219	9,851	686,780	6,562,735	4,300,914	11,550,429	0.1%	1.3%	0.8%	2.2%
Managed Care	184,909	1,921,879,791	10,394	65,278	735,573,801	11,268	195,834	2,206,721,402	11,268	96,682,946	113,550,648	74,608,018	284,841,611	18.4%	21.7%	14.2%	54.3%
Medicaid	42,387	835,099,742	19,702	15,975	350,768,577	21,957	47,925	1,052,305,732	21,957	44,849,892	109,108,509	63,247,589	217,205,990	8.6%	20.8%	12.1%	41.4%
Medicare	1,094	22,023,063	20,131	338	6,014,185	17,793	1,014	18,042,554	17,793	969,599	(1,610,462)	(3,339,646)	(3,980,509)	0.2%	-0.3%	-0.6%	-0.8%
Out of State Medicaid	1,246	12,417,706	9,966	280	2,477,249	8,847	840	7,431,748	8,847	397,646	(4,046,219)	(1,337,385)	(4,985,958)	0.1%	-0.8%	-0.3%	-1.0%
Self-Pay	15,163	94,541,594	6,235	6,807	44,725,210	6,570	20,421	134,175,630	6,570	6,047,953	32,783,730	802,352	39,634,035	1.2%	6.3%	0.2%	7.6%
Shared Service	116	7,960,640	68,626	37	6,532,384	176,551	111	19,597,152	176,551	361,832	(343,131)	11,617,812	11,636,512	0.1%	-0.1%	2.2%	2.2%
Tricare	7,639	104,330,288	13,658	2,541	42,012,877	16,534	7,623	126,038,632	16,534	4,945,309	(218,521)	16,981,557	21,708,344	0.9%	0.0%	3.2%	4.1%
Grand Total	458,690	4,829,608,783	10,529	156,767	1,784,685,855	11,384	470,301	5,354,057,565	11,384	235,213,472	122,253,783	166,981,527	524,448,782	44.8%	23.3%	31.8%	100.0%
Self Pay Only by Base O	Class for 2023 vs 2024						-O-Y Change	524,448,782									
FIN_CLASS	Self-Pay			Self-Pay →							Rate - Volume -	Mix Analysis \$		Rate	- Volume -	Mix Analy	sis %
	2023			2024	I YTD (Jan to Ap	r)		2024 Annualized									
Base Class	# of HARs	Gross \$	\$/HAR	# of HARs	Gross \$	\$/HAR	# of HARs	Gross \$	\$/HAR	Rate	Volume	Mix	Total Var	Rate	Volume		Tota Var
Ambulatory Surgery	362	4,236,395	11,703	143	1,711,651	11,970	429	5,134,952	11,970	238,473	784,084	(124,000)	898,557	0.6%	2.0%	-0.3%	2.3%
Emergency	8,626	25,449,073	2,950	3,984	12,208,018	3,064	11,952	36,624,053	3,064	1,674,930	9,812,615	(312,565)	11,174,980	4.2%	24.8%	-0.8%	28.2%
Inpatient	698	35,885,783	51,412	286	16,050,209	56,120	858	48,150,627	56,120	2,095,308	8,225,968	1,943,568	12,264,843	5.3%	20.8%	4.9%	30.9%
Outpatient	5,477	28,970,343	5,289	2,394	14,755,333	6,163	7,182	44,265,998	6,163	1,804,471	9,018,520	4,472,664	15,295,655	4.6%	22.8%	11.3%	38.6%
Grand Total	15,163	94,541,594	6,235	6,807	44,725,210	6,570	20,421	134,175,630	6,570	6,047,953	32,783,730	802,352	39,634,035	15.3%	82.7%	2.0%	100.0%
						Y	-O-Y Change	39,634,035									

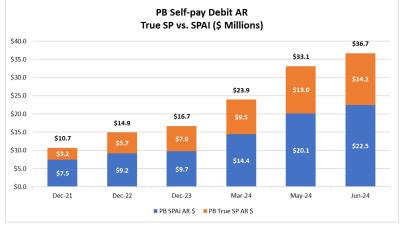
Volume is (still) the key-driver for the significant increase in self-pay revenue between 2023 and YTD 2024

# Self-pay AR (HB & PB): 2021 - 2024

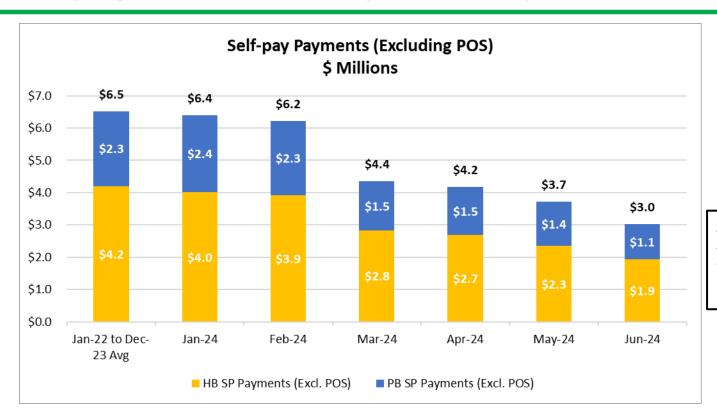








### Self-pay Collections (HB & PB): 2022 – 2024



#### <u>Cumulative YTD 2024 SP</u> Collection difference:

Actual monthly collections vs. Jan-22 to

Dec-23 Average: **\$11.2M** 

# **Self-pay Actions Taken**

Task	Details
Statements	<ul> <li>Selected top 3 vendors for in-depth discussions; received preliminary SOWs; fast-tracking top vendor with signing BAA to initiate IS&amp;T risk assessment while concurrently negotiating contract terms.</li> <li>IS&amp;T completed internal statement setup within Epic; aggregating PB data cannot be achieved within Epic statement framework; issue will likely require vendor to format and produce statements.</li> </ul>
Coverage Discovery	<ul> <li>Validated preliminary results for FinThrive</li> <li>Coverage identified for 10% of self-pay accounts sent</li> <li>~80% of coverage hits have been found to be valid; coverages added to accounts and billed</li> <li>Discussed results with FinThrive and engaging with initial contractual discussions around cost</li> <li>Assessing Experian results but initial review shows not as favorable as FinThrive</li> </ul>
Presumptive Charity Assessment	<ul> <li>Experian offered to perform presumptive eligibility of large backload of 48K guarantors with a self-pay balance for free. We are pending final signing of amendment and are prepared to send data file.</li> <li>Once data file is processed, scoping of presumptive charity for all self-pay AR can occur</li> </ul>
Enrollment Outreach and High-dollar account reviews	<ul> <li>Repurposed Customer Service employees to contact likely disenrolled families and provide instructions to reenroll.</li> <li>Reviewing high dollar True Self-pay AR accounts for potential charity opportunity to relieve AR</li> </ul>



### **Government / Public Relations Issues**

#### 2024 CHA CFO Forum

Children's Healthcare of Atlanta



### 340B Program Performance at Children's

- Summary of Savings and WAC Losses for 2019-2023
- 340B Federal Bills Introduced in 2024 and Key Takeaways
- Current Internal 340B Issues at Children's

### What is WAC?

- Wholesaler Acquisition Cost (WAC) pricing is the <u>premium</u> price charged by pharmaceutical manufacturers to wholesale drug distributors with no discounts.
  - GPO pricing is contracted pricing for inpatients
  - 340B pricing is discounted 35% off the average sales pricing for outpatients
- Causes for WAC expenditure:
  - Discontinued/backorder issues from manufacturers
  - New items: first purchase is always at WAC
  - Anticipated usage is greater than GPO and 340B accruals available

	340B Savings	Total WAC Losses				
Year	Defined as difference between GPO unit price and 340B unit price – multiplied by unit amount. Totaled by drug and by hospital	Defined as difference between WAC unit price and GPO unit price – multiplied by unit amount. Totaled by drug and by hospital				
2019	\$20.7M	-\$53K				
2020	\$23.5M	-\$103K				
2021	\$23.2M	-\$90K				
2022	\$25.9M	-\$35K				
2023	\$22.5M	-\$4K				
Total	\$115.7M	-\$285K				

### Federal Bills Introduced in 2024

<u>Two</u> Republican-sponsored bills were introduced by the House Energy & Commerce Committee in 2024 regarding 340B:



#### **340B PATIENTS Act**

<u>Prohibits</u> manufacturers from **restricting / imposing conditions** on 340B pricing availability for contract pharmacy relationships



#### 340B ACCESS Act

Significantly **tightens** 340B hospital eligibility and updates patient definition with strong safeguards

**Increases** hospital reporting requirements by creating neutral 340B claims data clearinghouse for greater public reporting

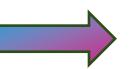
Establishes enforceable rules and **enhances** federal administration and oversight of 340B program

Neither bill passed through the House in 2024



#### **SUSTAIN 340B Act**

Bipartisan draft proposed within **Senate** (2024) that aims to consolidate several of the considerations at-left:



Formalizes covered entity contract arrangements and imposes penalty on manufacturers that refuse to offer / impose conditions on 340B pricing covered within these arrangements

Defines 340B program intent, clarifies child site eligibility criteria and allows for **more extensive** government oversight/auditing

It is <u>unlikely</u> that this bill will pass during election year; Children's is preparing for this bill to potentially pass in **January 2025**timeframe.

### Key Takeaways from Draft Bills – Impact to Children's

#### If the SUSTAIN 340B Act were to pass in 2025, anticipated internal ramifications include:

- Requirement of Children's to provide how 340B savings are being used.
  - Added as an addendum to the Medicare Cost Report
  - For the first time, Children's would have to report patient mix, charity care levels, and how 340B savings are being used not only at the parent site, but at each child site.
- 340B User Fee would be paid by Children's to help cover program "administration and oversight" activities (primarily audit and compliance related), such as the new claims clearinghouse.
  - The fee would be "no greater than 0.01% of the savings Children's received under the 340B program", calculated as difference between WAC and 340B
  - This calculation <u>overcounts</u> the benefit of 340B, as Children's calculates savings by GPO minus
     340B cost (which is the <u>normative</u> methodology for the industry)
- Increase to the number and frequency of HRSA audits
  - Requires more resources to maintain HRSA audit readiness

### Internal 340B Issues at Children's

#### Charge on Dispense vs. Charge on Administration

- 340B Program is based on a National Drug Code (NDC)-to-NDC replenishment
- Since Children's is "charge on dispense", the biggest challenge is knowing which NDC was administered.
  - To improve accuracy of accruals:
    - Implementation of Epic's Dispense Prep
    - Set up Epic Billing Review WQs: captures high-impact 340B drugs
    - Standardized pharmacy workflow with staff for specific vial sizes

#### JZ/JW Modifier

- In 2023, CMS implemented requirements for manufacturers of certain single-dose container or single-use package drugs (SD) to provide refunds with respect to discarded amounts by adding a JW or JZ modifier to all Medicare claims.
  - Data is used to calculate manufacturer refund amounts specifically owed to CMS; Blue Cross Blue Shield and Humana have recently adopted this requirement as well, which has significantly increased internal, associated workload.
  - Creates additional work for the Pharmacy Business Team to closely monitor and manually update extracts to prevent duplicate accruals.



# **Gender-Affirming Care**

## Georgia's Gender-Affirming Care Legislation

During the 2023-2024 legislative biennium, <u>one</u> bill passed Georgia General Assembly related to gender-affirming care:



SB 140 (2023) Prohibited use of irreversible sex reassignment surgeries and hormone replacement therapies on minors in a licensed institution for treatment of gender dysphoria

Exceptions for certain medical conditions, including treatment of sex development disorders and androgen insensitivity syndrome. Minors who began therapy before **7/1/23** are exempt

Physicians in violation of law will be held administratively responsible by medical board

#### Other significant pieces of legislation in the recent biennium that did **not** pass include:



SB 519 (2024)

Added to HB 1170 in Senate Health and Human Services Committee

Ban of reversible + irreversible hormone replacement therapies altering minor's appearance

No traction in Senate Children and Families Committee; HB 1170 <u>failed</u> to receive House agree



HB 1104 (2024) Prohibited sex education for public school students before 6<sup>th</sup> grade

Authorized public schools to facilitate separate sports teams for members based on sex

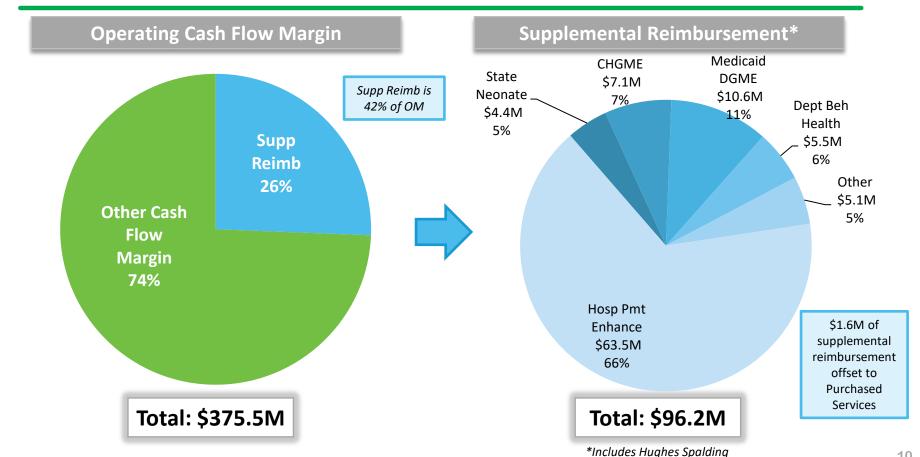
Provisions added by Senate Youth and Education Committee; HB 1104 <u>failed</u> to receive House agree



# **Supplemental Payments**

# Dependency on Supplemental Reimbursement (x)





# **Supplemental Payment Program Matrix**

Program Title	Program Description	2024B Amount	% of Total
Provider Tax	11.88% Gross Revenue Add-On (+\$87.8M) partially offset by annual Provider Fee Tax (-\$24.3M)	\$63.5M	66%
Medicaid DGME	Calculation: Number of FTE residents * Medicaid Allocation Ratio * \$49,000 Additional funding for select specialties	\$10.6M	11%
CHGME	Actual Residents across two hospitals (unweighted three-year average); capped at 82.76	\$7.1M	<b>7%</b>
Dept of Behavioral Health	Annual state appropriation for support of patients with severe autism (Marcus Autism Center)	\$5.5M	6%
State Neonate Program	Benefit dollars distributed annually from the State of Georgia Maternal and Infant Health Project	\$4.4M	5%
Other Programs	Payments to Hughes Spalding Hosp. – Medicare DSH, GME, Hospital UPL, Family Practice Grant	\$5.1M	5%

### Georgia Medicaid Reimbursement Environment

#### What is the impact of these programs

Directed Payment Programs (DPPs) are a fundamental gamechanger in reimbursement that puts systems who receive it on a different playing field by raising Medicaid reimbursement up to "commercial-like" levels<sup>1</sup>, flipping the economics of Medicaid business overnight.

Children's currently receives the pediatric base rate adjustment to compensate for the higher cost of pediatric care and is a 'net-winner' of the 11.88% provider fee 'add-on' but is excluded from Georgia's DPPs.

#### Why it matters

The current environment increases the incentives for competitors to invest in pediatric expertise especially in high margin specialties, which could fragment the services landscape. This could create long-term disruption to Children's even if DPP differential is reduced/eliminated over time.

This is a triple threat for Children's:

- 1 Self-reinforcing source of revenue for competitors can use funds to get more funds.
- Provided the properties of the strengthens and the viability of moves beneficial to their reputation potentially at the expense of Children's (e.g., investments in under-resourced areas).
- Increases payer leverage if competitors can create viable alternatives to Children's services (tiered networks) and there is no longer a need to cross-subsidize Medicaid patients with commercial rates at many competing providers.

### Current Georgia DPPs - \$1.3B in Federal \$s for SFY 2024





DPP 2.0 (GA AIDE)

DPP 3.0 (GA STRONG) DPP 4.0 (HDPP)



- Teaching Affiliate
- 7/2020 Present
- Public Hospitals\*
  - 7/2021 Present
- Grady/Rural SCHs\*7/2022 Present
- Teaching Hospitals\*7/2022 Present
- Private Hospitals\*7/2022 Present

- Financial
- **†** to **full** ACR or Medicare
- GA share via IGT
- **†** to Medicare
- GA share via IGT
- ↑ to full ACR
- GA share via IGT
- ↑ to "limited" ACR
- GA share via IGT or Provider Tax
- ↑ to Medicare
- GA share via Provider Tax





CPG providers are not affiliated with governmental teaching hospitals



ECH and SR are not public hospitals.
HS is a participant



Created to address needs of two specific hospitals (Grady/AU), has both quality and 'at risk' components



Eligibility criteria based on a MCR WS Children's Hospitals do not prepare, but criteria could potentially be changed



Eligibility criteria based on GA hospital groups, Children's Hospitals explicitly excluded, but could potentially be changed

### **Current Georgia DPPs - SFY 2024 Details**

	Physician DPP (PDPP)	DPP 1.0 (HDPP)	DPP 2.0 (GA AIDE)	DPP 3.0 (GA STRONG)	DPP 4.0 (HDPP)
Calculation Method	<ul><li>Provider Specific</li><li>CPT Specific</li><li>Top 5 Comm'l</li></ul>	<ul><li>Calculated across all elig. Providers</li><li>IP/OP Specific</li></ul>	<ul><li>Provider Specific</li><li>IP/OP Specific</li><li>Top 5 Comm'l</li></ul>	<ul><li>Calculated across all elig. Providers</li><li>IP/OP Specific</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Calculated across all elig. Providers</li> <li>IP/OP Specific</li> </ul>
\$s and %s	<ul> <li>\$138M (Fed \$s)</li> <li>All x 273%</li> <li>Above % varies by provider</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>\$195M (Fed \$s)</li> <li>*IP x 51%</li> <li>*OP x 14%</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>\$306M (Fed \$s)</li> <li>IP x 293%</li> <li>OP x 426%</li> <li>Above % varies by provider</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>\$570M (Fed \$s)</li> <li>*IP x 149%</li> <li>*OP x 186%</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>\$105M (Fed \$s)</li> <li>*IP x 51%</li> <li>*OP x 14%</li> </ul>
Other Notes	Growth Drivers:  CINs M&A		For SFY 2025:  • AU moved from 2.0 to 3.0  • rural added		

<sup>\*</sup>Each provider that is eligible for DPP 3.0 is also eligible for 1.0 or 4.0. Consequently, their total gross payment increase is equal to two times their negotiated CMO payments.



# **Community Benefit**

### 2022 Children's Community Benefit

## **Community Impact**

\$301.0M Total

\$196.2M

Unreimbursed care for children who need medical treatment



\$35.4M

Subsidized Services; Cash/In-Kind Contributions



\$27.6M

Research to discover new treatment and cures



\$10.8M

Training pediatric specialists



\$31.0M

Wellness and prevention;
Unique Pediatric
Services

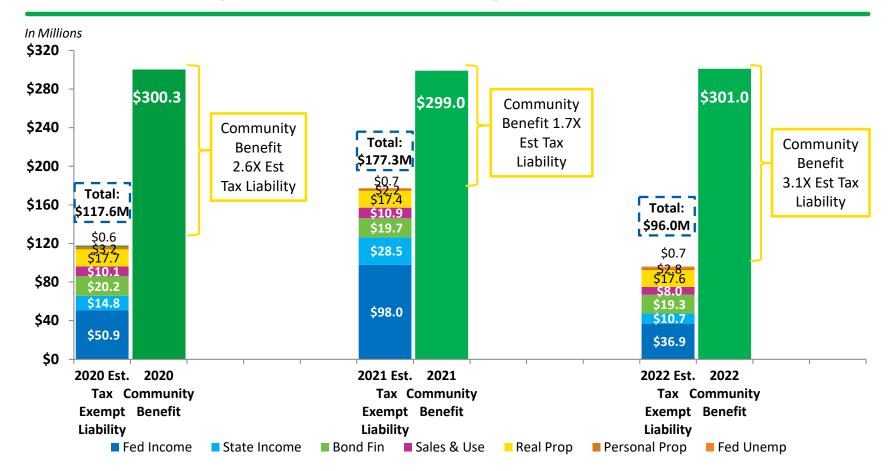




# Children's Community Benefit 2020 - 2022

n Millions of dollars			
Category	2020	2021	2022
Unreimbursed Charity Care	\$158.2	\$153.0	\$196.2
Research	80.6	75.5	27.6
Teaching	13.1	11.5	10.8
Wellness & Unique Services	23.2	24.0	31.0
Subsidized Health Services	25.2	34.8	34.6
Cash/In-Kind Contributions	0.0	0.2	0.8
Total Community Benefit	\$300.3	\$299.0	\$301.0
% of Total Group Operating Expense (excl bad debt)	18.8%	16.6%	15.6%

## Tax Liability vs. Community Benefit





# **Community Benefit Peer Comparables**

### **Comparable Hospitals 2022**

# Pediatric Hospitals Revenue Quartile 4 (AA Rated)



# Local Georgia Hospitals (Adult)



### **2021 Community Benefit**

### **Community Impact**

## \$299.0M Total

\$153.2M

care for children who need medical treatment



\$34.8M

Subsidized Services



\$75.5M

Research to discover new treatment and cures



\$11.5M

Training pediatric specialists

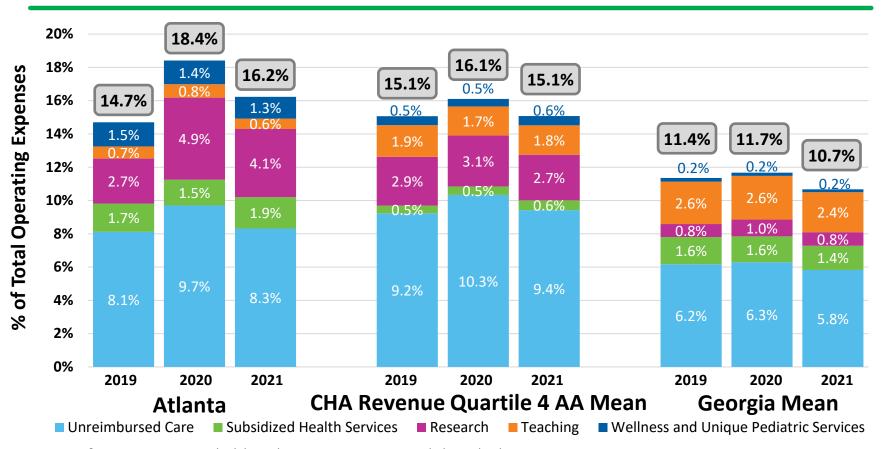


\$24.0M

Wellness and prevention;
Unique
Pediatric
Services



### **2021 Community Benefit**

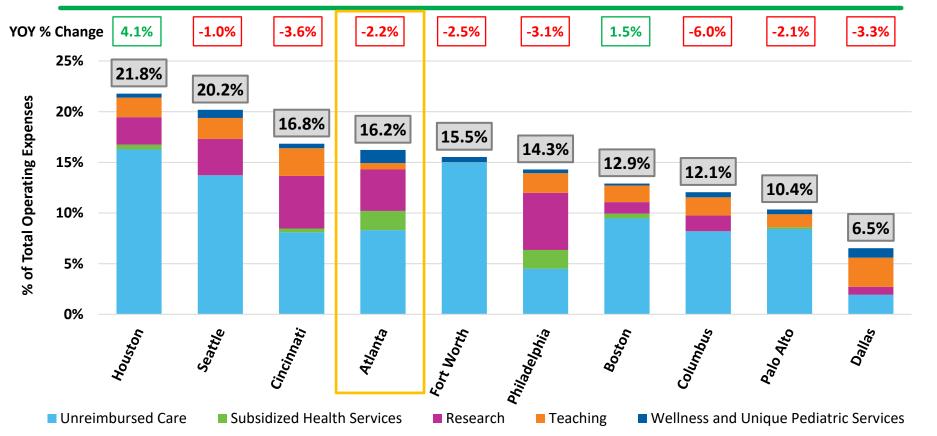


### 2021: Pediatric Peer Comparison

**Community Benefit % of Total Op Ex:** 

% Increased from Prior Year

% Decreased from Prior Year



Source: 2021 IRS Form 990 Schedule H Filings. Operating Expense includes Bad Debt.

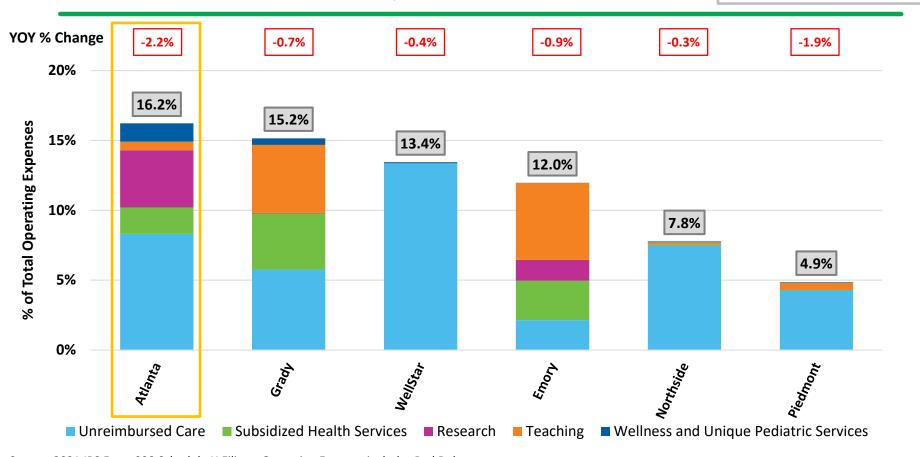
<sup>\*</sup> Cash/In-kind is included in Unreimbursed Care

### **2021: Atlanta Comparison**

**Community Benefit % of Total Op Ex:** 

% Increased from Prior Year

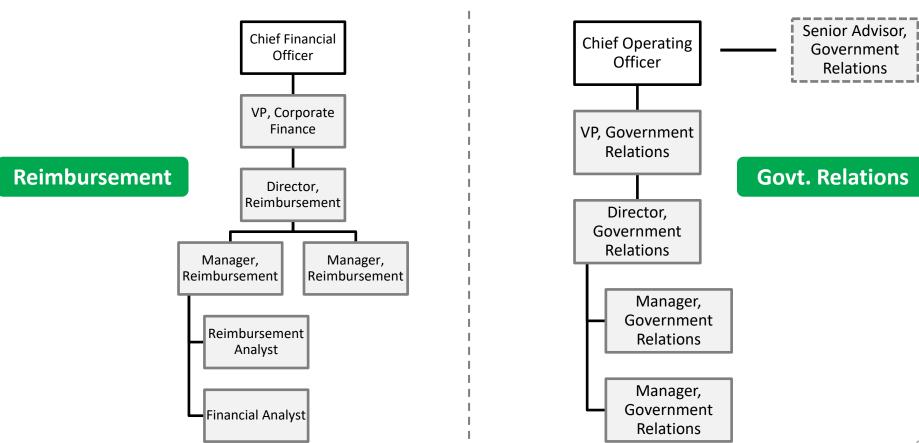
% Decreased from Prior Year





# **Organizational Charts**

# **Atlanta – Team Organizational Charts**





# **Margin Improvement**

#### 2024 CHA CFO Forum

Children's Healthcare of Atlanta



# Supply Chain – Strategic Focus Areas and FY24 Workplan Summary

# Supply Chain – Strategic Focus Areas - 2024

- Supplies Medical
- Supplies Non-Medical
- Purchased Services
- Clinical
- Others
- Capital ( Routine and Non-Routine )

Strategic Sourcing & Value Analysis

#### Contracting

- Commercial Contracting New requests and Renewals
- Value Realization Incorporating the operational and risk metrics
- Consistency Standard Templates, Compliance with policies and others



- Stock- Inventory
- Non-Stock
- Implants Bill-Only
- Services
- Equipment
- Pharmaceuticals\*

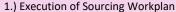
Procurement (P2P)



- Warehouse / Central Supply
- Procedural Inventory
- Ancillary Services (Respiratory, Lab, Radiology, etc.) – Inventory
- Supply Rooms Inventory
- Distribution Low Unit of Measure, 3PL, Bulk, etc.



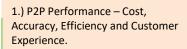




- Supplies
- Capital Medical / Non-Medical Equipment
- · Purchased Services
- 2.) Optimization of the Value Analysis structure – Speed to value, Compliance and Physician Engagement.

 Optimization of Sourcing / Contracting Framework – Efficiency, Speed to Value, Risk Mitigation, Supplier Negotiations and Implementation.

2.) Contract and PO - Compliance Management



- 2.) Execution of AMBH Procurement Workplan
  - Supplies
  - Minor Equipment

3.) AMBH GO-Live – Workday



1.) Low Unit of Measure (LUM) Optimization – Cardinal Health – Value Link and Warehouse

#### 2.) AMBH - Go Live

- Cardinal Health Value-Link
- Receiving / Dock
- Tecsys Supply Rooms
- Tecsys / Workday Procedural
- AMR / Robos

Supply Chain Optimization Team – Analytics, Systems Engineering, Operational Excellence & Project Management

# YTD 2024 - Supply Chain Review



#### **Supply Chain Organization**

> 50% increase in Employee Engagement Scores



Talent - < 10% Open Positions with reduction in turnover rates



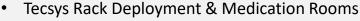


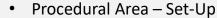
Supply Chain Resiliency through hybrid distribution (Children's Warehouse and Cardinal Health)



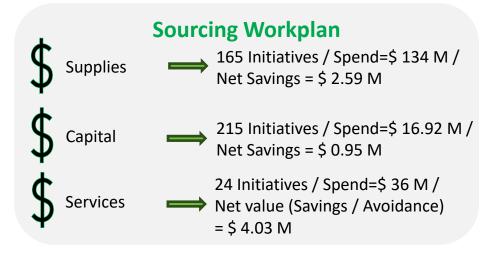
Fill Rate for Distributed Products > 99%
Resource Optimization ~ \$ 400,000 in Savings

**AMBH Workstreams Execution** 





- Procurement of Supplies and Minor Equipment
- Dock Activation
- Robots Implementation
- Mail Room Set-up



#### **P2P Performance**



Contract Compliance ~ 75% ( > 25% Increase )



Perfect Order Error Rate Reduction >55.2 %
Catalog / UOM / Pricing / Receipt GHX Top 10 provider ranking



### Sourcing Workplan Strategies – 2024 /25

- Streamline the Value Analysis (VAT) framework for enhanced Clinician & Physician Engagement
- Prioritize AMBH Sourcing and Procurement requirements.
- 2024 Execute the Contracting workplan and negotiate value with no conversions. Identify Category Optimization initiatives and build the 2025 Savings Workplan.
- 2025 Continued focus on Contract Compliance and execution of the savings workplan.

- Complete all medical equipment procurement for AMBH.
- Execute all 2024 Capital Workplan and Contingency Requests.
- Complete the 2025 Capital Planning exercise.
- Develop acquisition strategies for high dollar capital projects including IV Pumps, Spinal Navigation and others.
- Identify Capital Equipment utilization opportunities.

### **Capital**

### **Supplies**

- Build the Purchased Services Sourcing program, playbook and Category Management / Sourcing expertise.
- Execute the Purchased Services Workplan needed for AMBH activation and negotiation strategies to maximize value and minimize impact on operating expenses.
- Build the Equipment Service contract workplan for all AMBH medical equipment.
- 2024 Q3 Identify, prioritize and build the Category Optimization and 2025 savings workplan.
- 2025 Continued focus on Contract Compliance and execution of the savings workplan.
   Purchased Services



### **Sourcing Workplan Summary - 2024**

Project Type	Addressed Annual Spend	Sur	m of Cost Impact \$
Rebate	\$ 43,260,888	\$	(1,624,911)
Contract Renewal Local	\$ 33,177,215	\$	(700,716)
Off Contract Spend Opportunity	\$ 6,747,342	\$	(422,399)
Tier Optimization	\$ 852,927	\$	(59,386)
Price Quote Review	\$ 2,416,060	\$	(32,448)
Savings	\$ 11,530	\$	(9,192)
New Product Line	\$ 48,081	\$	-
Contract Renewal GPO	\$ 47,780,199	\$	258,557
Grand Total	\$ 134,294,242	\$	(2,590,495)

Project Type	Initial Quote	Sav	ings Negotiated
2022 Routine Carryover	\$ 8,188	\$	-
2023 Contingency Carryover	\$ 190,563	\$	7,024
2023 Routine Carryover	\$ 546,667	\$	400
2024 Contingency	\$ 1,702,993	\$	57,739
2024 Routine	\$ 14,473,292	\$	889,859
2024 Routine with Contingency	\$ 486	\$	-
Grand Total	\$ 16,922,189	\$	955,022

# **Supplies**

Name 	Category	Current Annual Spend	Projected Annual Spend	Projected Savings	Projected Cost Avoidance
Morrison	Food Services	\$11,806,918	\$10,190,475	-\$1,616,443	\$0
Novo Health Services	Laundry and Linen Services	\$4,300,000	\$4,300,000	-\$953,852	-\$129,167
Distribution Optimization - ValueLink	Distribution	\$1,200,000	\$800,000	-\$400,000	\$0
Konica Minolta	Managed Print Services	\$1,213,630	\$596,319	-\$376,393	\$0
Taylor Communications / SmartWorks	Marketing - Print Services	\$400,000	\$210,000	-\$190,000	\$0
IntraNerve Neuroscience (INN) Physician Charges	Neuromonitoring	\$1,125,321	\$1,049,321	-\$76,000	
Veritiv	EVS Distribution	\$1,842,747		-\$47,868	-\$113,803
IntraNerve Neuroscience (INN) Technical	Neuromonitoring	\$901,938	\$863,793	-\$35,000	
Karl Storz	Instrument & Scope Repair	\$832,550	\$832,550	\$0	\$0
Stericycle	Waste Management	\$738,000	\$1,086,270	\$0	-\$136,686
Agiliti	Instrument & Scope Repair	\$499,500	\$499,500	\$0	\$0
Valcourt - SUP	Window Cleaning Services	\$55,370	\$61,311	\$0	-\$64,099
Hazardous Waste - Clean Earth	Waste Management	\$49,236	\$56,811	\$0	\$0

### Capital

Name v	Category	Current Annual Spend	Projected Annual Spend	Projected Savings	Projected Cost Avoidance
Valcourt - CAP	Window Cleaning Services	\$25,040	\$26,240	\$0	-\$21,294
Valcourt - Ashrae	Window Cleaning Services	\$4,274	\$4,274	\$0	-\$4,471
Stryker - Booms and Lights	Equipment Repair and Services	\$0	\$292,745	\$0	-\$233,714
Hillrom - Boooms and Lights	Equipment Repair and Services	\$0	\$104,913	\$0	\$0
Valcourt - AMBH	Window Cleaning Services	\$0	\$364,740	\$0	-\$100,660
ABM Healthcare Support Services	Janitorial Services	\$0	\$1,427,883	\$0	-\$149,659
Gibson	Landscaping Services	\$0	\$343,620	\$0	\$0
Daniels Health (Rx Destroyer)	Waste Management	\$0	\$15,357	\$0	-\$10,332
Cloudbreak - Martti (Interpretation)	Interpretation Services	\$1,292,025	\$1,339,484	\$47,459	\$0
LifeSouth	Blood Products	\$6,765,339	\$7,441,484	\$733,087	-\$144,496
Rx Program - Waste Management	Waste Management	\$0	\$175,000		-\$7,800

### **Purchased Services**

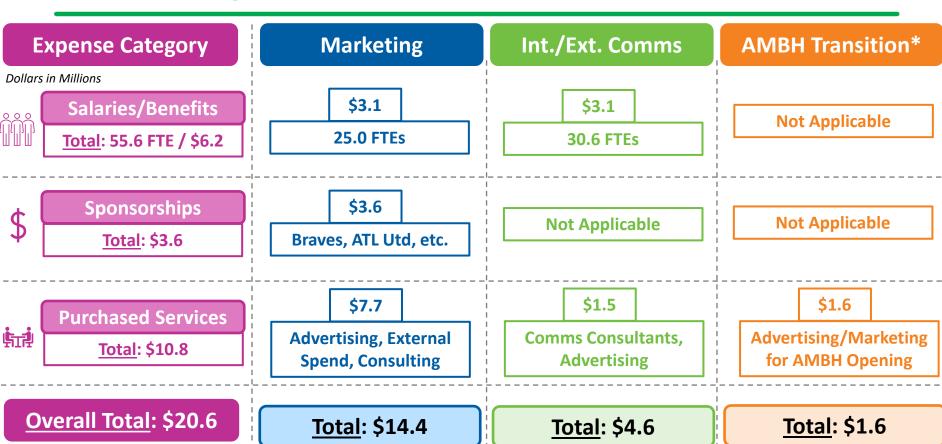




# Marketing / Advertising / Communications

# 2024 Budget Breakdown

\*Temporary project expenses



8



# **Consulting Spend**

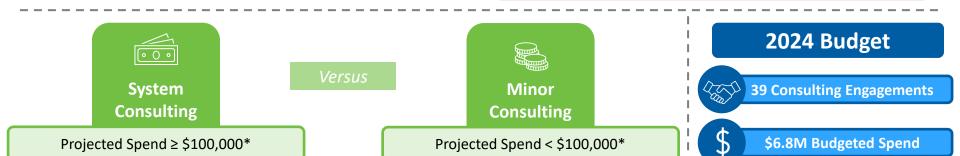
### **Consulting Overview**

<u>Consulting</u>: expert advice received from professionals, typically in business or operational matters – typically for **time-limited**, **non-recurring** projects

Differs in definition from:

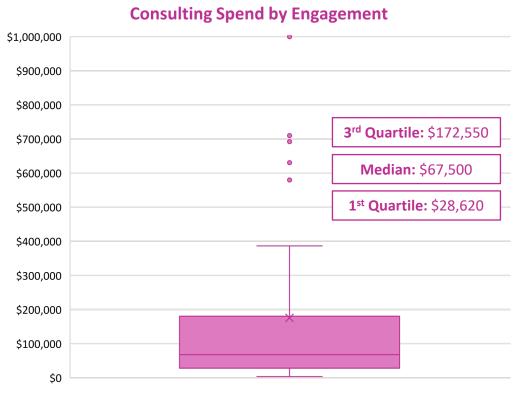
<u>Contract Labor</u>: outside organization provides resources for <u>approved positions</u> that Children's is unable to fill or meet current demand

<u>Purchased Services</u>: services/activities that are contracted, purchased from, or outsourced to vendor rather than performed in-house



\*By vendor, initiative, or service offering

# 2024 Budget Consulting Breakdown



Top Departments by Spend – 2024B					
Department	Count	Total Spend			
Finance	3	\$1.2M			
Clinical Support – Interpreting and Translation	3	\$1.1M			
Transition to Arthur M. Blank Hospital	3	\$1.0M			
<b>Facility Operations</b>	2	\$1.0M			
Chief Admin Office	† ¦ 1	\$710K			
Marketing & Communications	4	\$476K			
Clinical – Heart Center	2	\$322K			



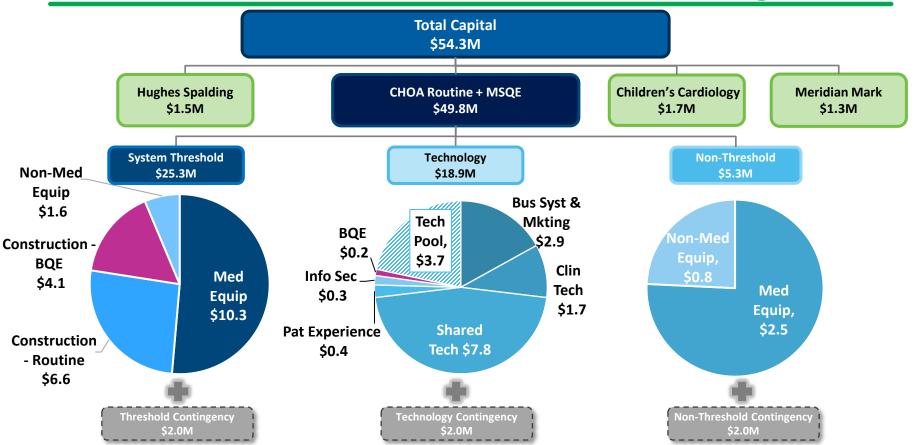
# **Capital / Debt Considerations**

# 2024 Capital Request Budget

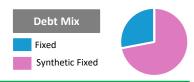




MSQE: \$4.3M



# **Children's Outstanding Debt**



	Series Product Mix	Dec 23 Balance <sup>a</sup>	Original Proceeds	Average Life	Weighted Avg. Coupon <sup>b</sup>	All-in TIC <sup>c</sup>
	2019A Brookhaven	In Millions \$686.6	In Millions \$819.7	18.1Y	4.12%	3.26%
Fixed	2019B DeKalb	\$70.2	\$97.4	9.0Y	4.75%	2.68%
	2019C Fulton	\$65.0	\$92.1	9.0Y	5.00%	2.74%
VRDBs	2019D Brookhaven	\$104.9	\$109.9	13.2Y	1. 3.71%	3.71%
VRI	2008 Fulton	\$63.8	\$64.8	13.2Y	2. 3.72%	3.72%
Dir	2017 Dir Plcmt DeKalb	\$151.0	\$220.0	9.5Y	3. 3.68%	3.68%
	Total	\$1,141.5M	\$1,399.8M	15.2Y	4.09%	3.31%
1. JP \$104.9	1. JP Morgan  Variable rate; Swap (3.45% Fixed) + SBPA (0.195%) + Remarket (0.05%)  Variable rate; Swap (3.45% Fixed) + SBPA (0.195%) + Remarket (0.06%)  SBPA (0.195%) + Remarket (0.06%)  SBPA (0.195%) + Remarket (0.06%)  SBPA (0.195%) + Remarket (0.06%)					

a) Reflects principal balance; excludes debt issuance costs and premium  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left($ 

b)Excludes premium

c) As of issue date. Variable debt costs assume average SIFMA/SOFR since August 2019; variable costs include basis risk of swap receipt vs. debt payments



# Physician Productivity / Practice Plan Management

#### 2024 CHA CFO Forum

Children's Healthcare of Atlanta

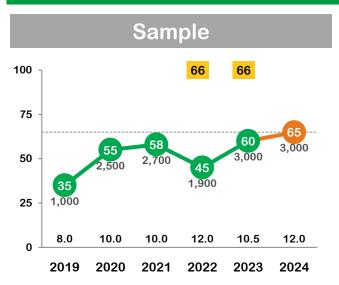


# Children's Physician Group: Productivity Benchmarks

2023

# Legend

### **Benchmark Legend**



	Measure	Calculation	Purpose	
50	2019-2023 Actual	Actual wRVUs	- Historical Evacuiones	
50	2019-2025 Actual	Actual Clinical FTEs	- Historical Experience	
50	2024 Budget	Bud wRVUs	- Plan/Target	
30	2024 Budget	Bud Clinical FTEs	- Plan/Target	
5,000	Physician Production	wRVUs or ASAs per Physician FTE	Change over time	
5.0	FTEs	Clinical FTEs	Growth over time	
50	Compensation	FTE Weighted Individual Comp Benchmark	High-level understanding of Comp. vs Prod.	

### **Overview**





Industry standard to compare to similar practices

#### **Utilization**



Regulatory Compliance (e.g., Stark, OIG)

Awareness to support system goals

Understand impact of environmental changes

Detailed Practice Data provided to access coding trends

#### **Approach**



Utilize 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Consultant for Integrity & Objectivity

Based on Most Recent Market Data

Excludes Contractual Physician Directorships (PLRC)

Includes PRN & Locum Support

### **Benchmark**

#### 2023 Sullivan Cotter Survey

- Blended benchmark
  - > 920 Healthcare Organizations
  - > 306,768 MDs & APPs
  - ➤ 383 Medical Groups
  - > 217,599 MDs & APPs
- Most recent market data is based on data submissions for 2022

#### **Other Considerations**

- 2024 includes practice hiring to support new hospital
- > FTE's exclude Medical Director time

#### **Trending Only**

- No benchmark available
  - Pain, Palliative Care, Sedation, Pathology, Sleep, Interventional Radiology, Gynecology, Child Protection
- Advanced Practice Providers

### **Executive Summary**

#### **Consolidated Physician Practice**

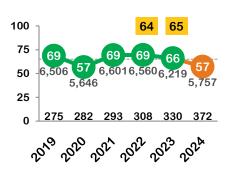
#### **Production & Compensation Benchmarks Aligned**

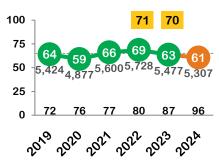
#### 2024 Budget includes Hiring for AMB Growth

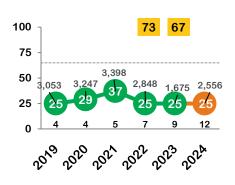
Leadership: CPG COO Hospital-Based, Anesthesia, Surgical, Medical Specialist, Urgent Care

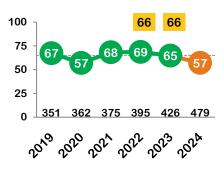
Leadership: Centers Neuro, Ortho, CT Surg, HemOnc BMH Quasi Endowment Consult Psych & OP BMH

Children's Physician Practice (CPG)









50 2022-2023 Comp Act

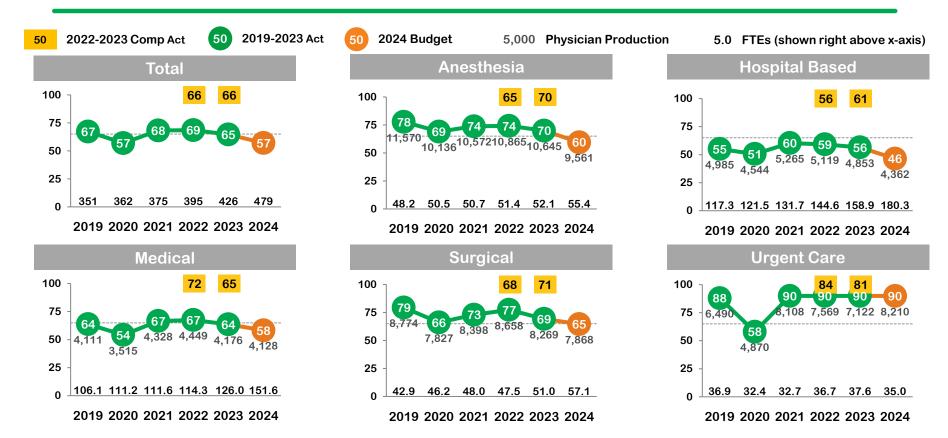
50 2019-2023 Act

50 2024 Budget

5.0 FTEs (shown right above x-axis)

### **Total & Segment Summary**

#### **Consolidated Physician Practice**



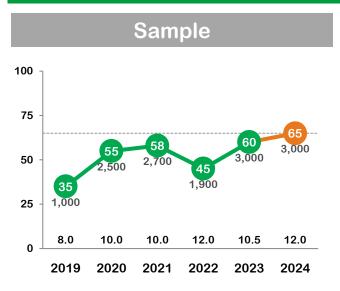
# Children's Physician Group: APP Productivity

**Practice Performance as of December 2023** 

Internal Use Only: Do not distribute

# Legend

### **Benchmark Legend**

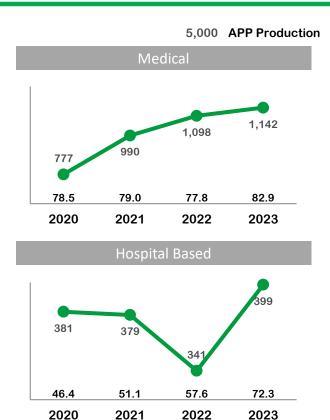


	Measure	Calculation	Purpose
50 2019-2023 Actual —		Actual wRVUs	- Historical Experience
2019-2023 ACIU	2019-2025 Actual =	<b>Actual Clinical FTEs</b>	Historical Experience
50	2024 Projected (May YTD)	YTD wRVUs	Current Year
30		YTD Clinical FTEs	Current rear
5,000	Physician Production	wRVUs or ASAs per Physician FTE	Change over time
5.0	FTEs	Clinical FTEs	Growth over time

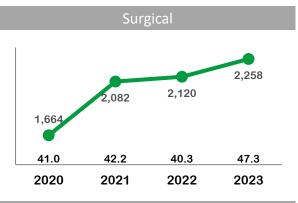


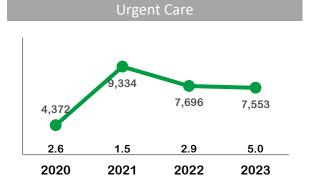
# **APP Productivity Graphs**

# **APP Productivity**



#### 5.0 FTEs (shown right above x-axis)



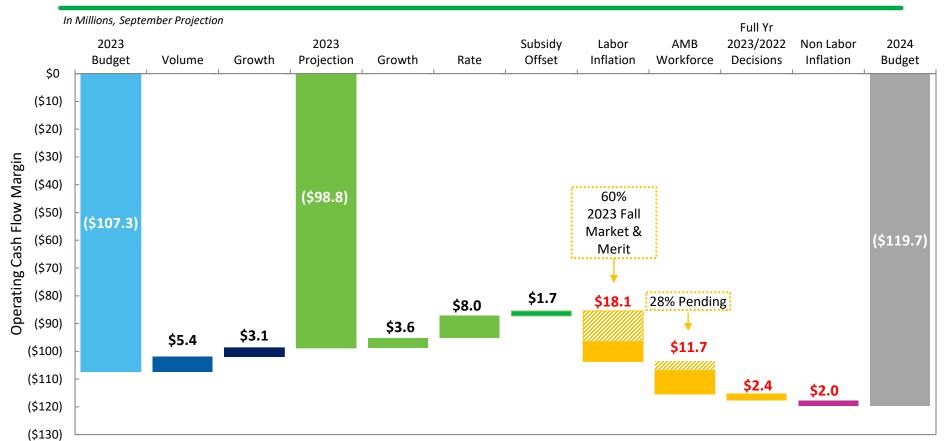




# Children's Physician Group

# **Physician Practices**





Note: Excludes Children's Cardiology and QEs



### The Children's Care Network

# The Children's Care Network (TCCN)

#### The Children's Care Network (TCCN)



Wholly owned subsidiary of Children's



Established in 2015



Taxable non-profit



Clinically integrated network

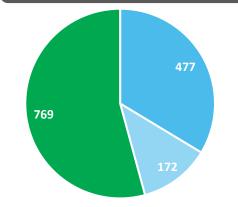
#### **Benefits**

Increases quality and decreases costs by aligning Children's with private practices

#### Benefits for providers include:

- Technical resources
- Business support
- Payer contracts Participation agreements & incentive agreements

#### Membership



- Community Physician -Primary Care
- Community Physician -Specialist
- Children's Employed or Leased Physicians

### **TCCN Contracting**

#### **Types of Contracts**

**Participation Agreement** – Fee for service

Incentive Agreement – Payer pays provider for care coordination based on clinical and patient outcomes.



**Upside Only** – Payer pays provider per member per month (PMPM); targets for costs and quality metrics associated with care.



**Upside Only** – Providers share in difference between actual costs and targeted medical loss ratio



**Downside Risk** – Providers at financial risk if actual costs greater than targeted medical loss ratio

#### **TCCN Contracts as of April 2024**

Participation Agreement

CareSource
Primary Care Physicians

Anthem
Primary Care Physicians

Incentive Agreement

Aetna

CareSource

Amerigroup

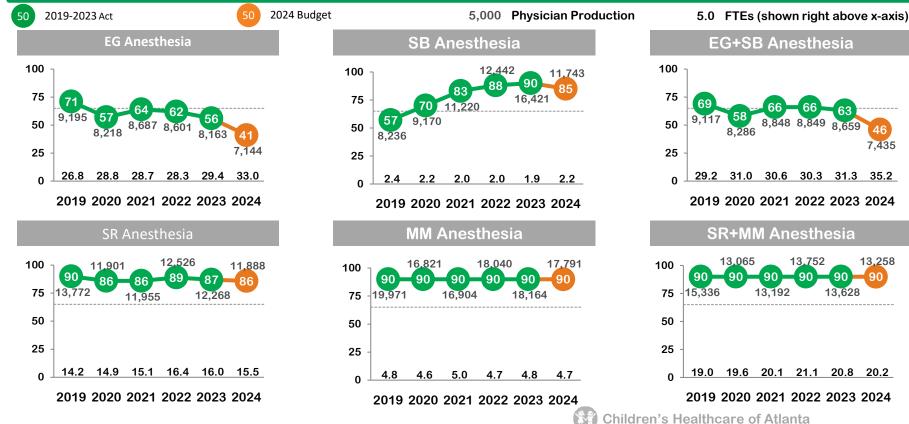
Anthem



# **Appendix – Physician Productivity**

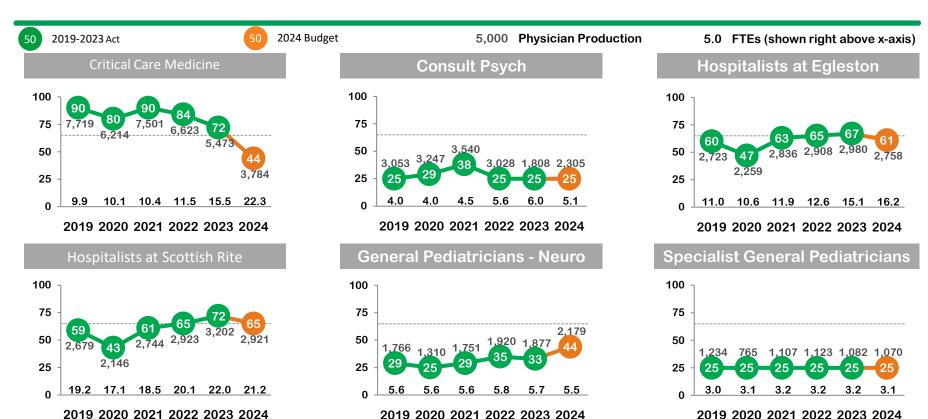
### **Anesthesia**

## (1 of 2)



### **Hospital Based**

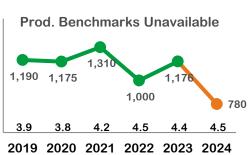
### (1 of 3)

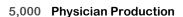


### **Hospital Based**

### (2 of 3)









\*Survey Participants <50

12.5

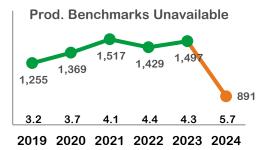
2,296

11.9





#### **Palliative Care**



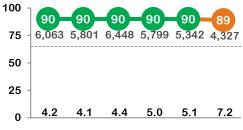




12.3

12.1

#### Physiatry\* (n=32)



2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024



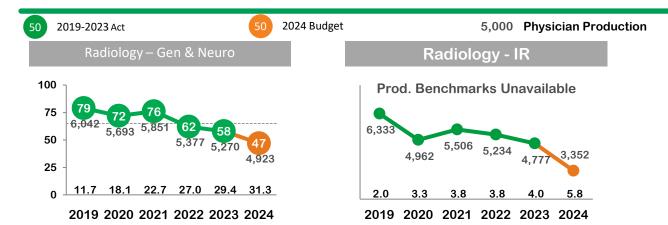
10.6

11.1

### **Hospital Based**

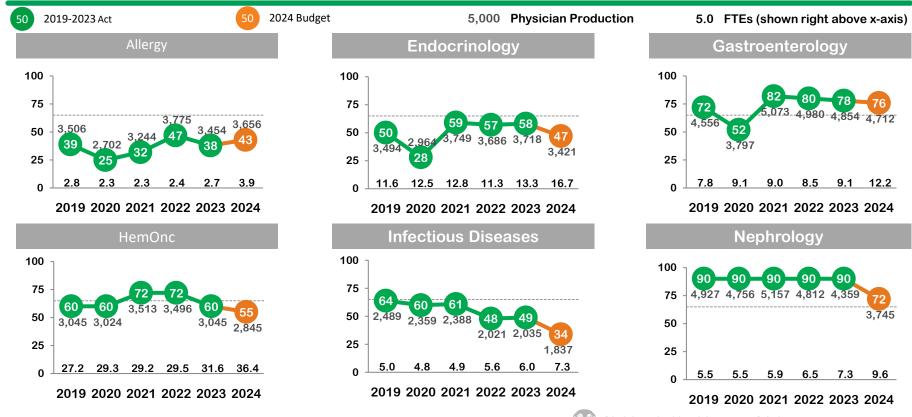
(3 of 3)

FTEs (shown right above x-axis)



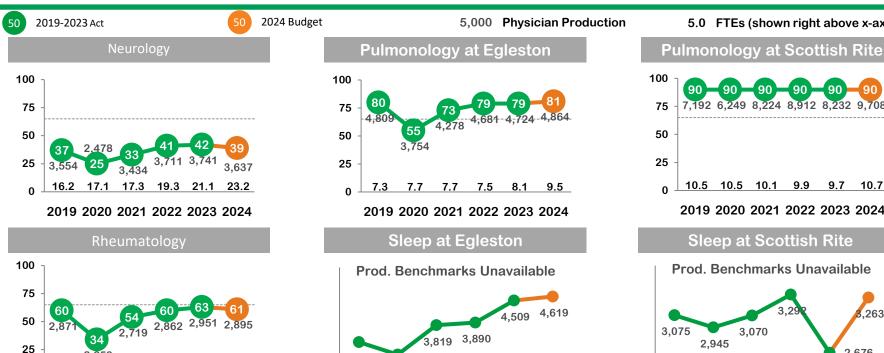
### Medical

## (1 of 3)



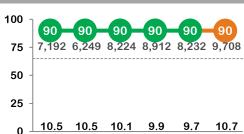
### Medical

## (2 of 3)



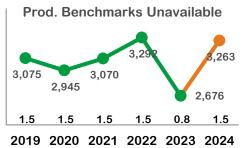
3,345

#### FTEs (shown right above x-axis)



2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024

#### Sleep at Scottish Rite



Children's Healthcare of Atlanta

2.9

2024

2022

2021

2023

2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024

5.8

5.9

### Medical

(3 of 3)



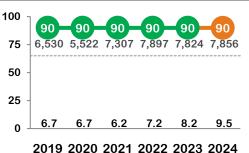


5,000 Physician Production

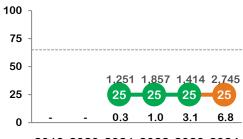
5.0 FTEs (shown right above x-axis)

\*Survey Participants <50

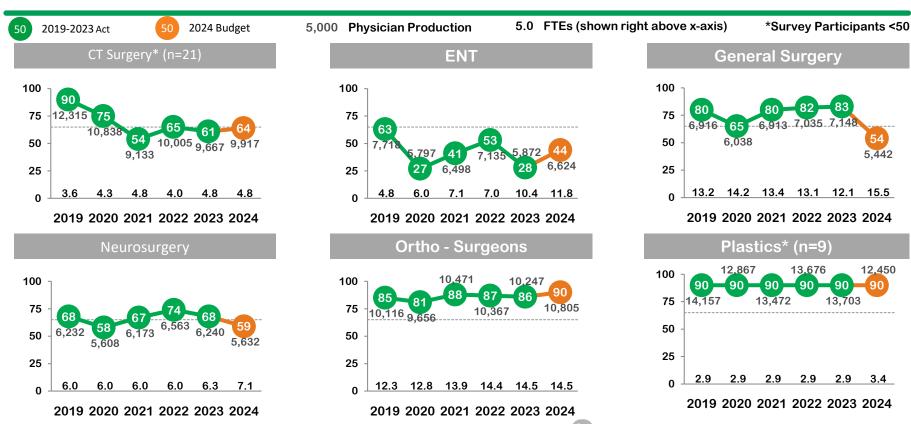
#### Ortho – Sports Medicine\* (n=10)



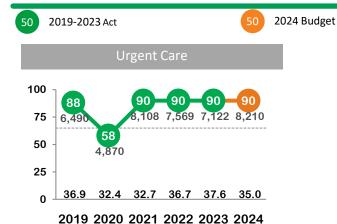
#### Behavioral Health Referral Clinic



### Surgical



### **Urgent Care**

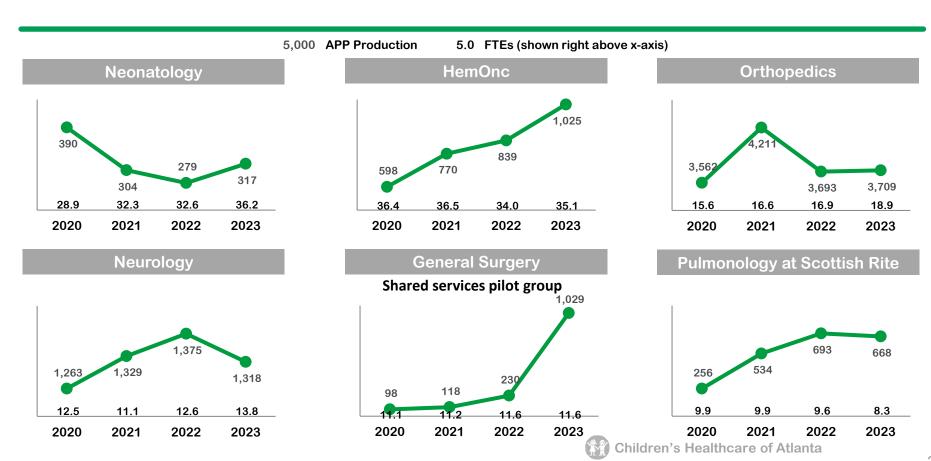


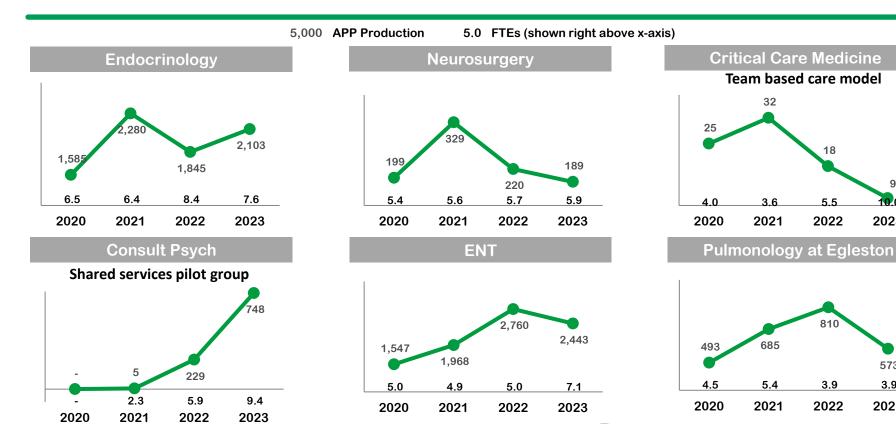
5,000 Physician Production

5.0 FTEs (shown right above x-axis)



## **Individual Specialty Graphs - APPs**



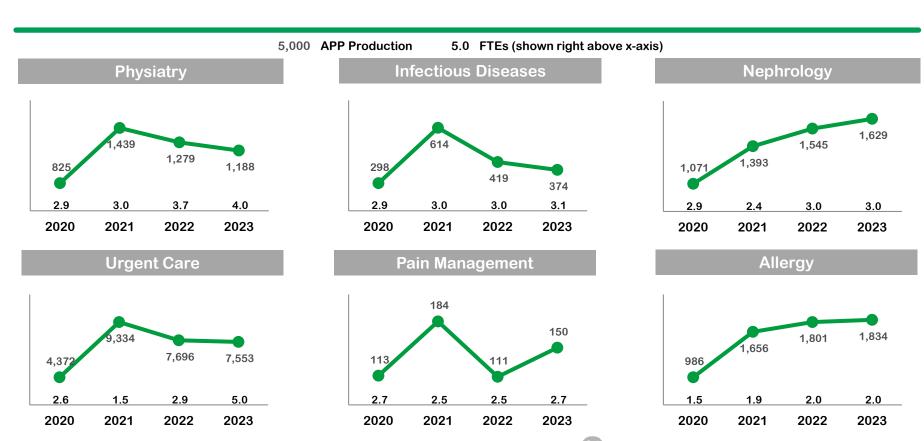


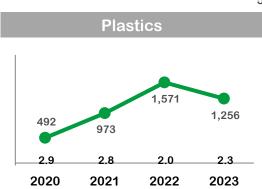
2023

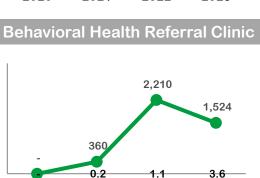
573

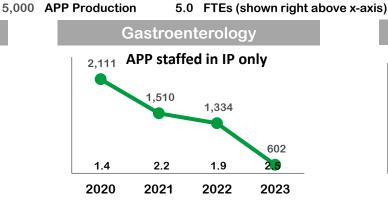
3.9

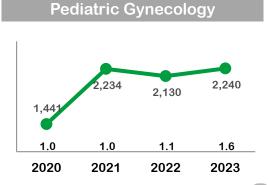
2023

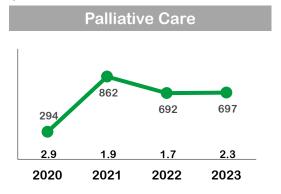


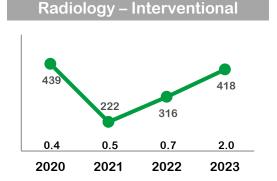














### Labor Management (Non- Physician)

#### 2024 CHA CFO Forum

Children's Healthcare of Atlanta

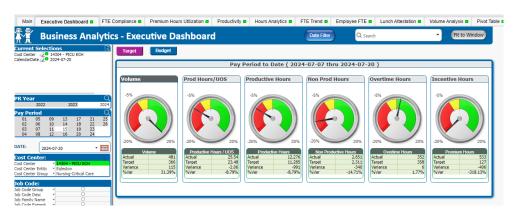


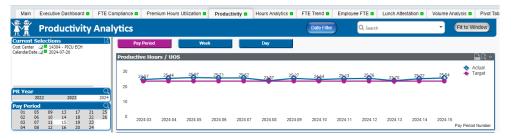
## **Labor Productivity**

### **Labor Productivity**

- Lost discipline during COVID staffing crisis (2020-2022)
  - 2023 focus was elimination of high-cost labor (travelers, incentive, bonus shifts, etc.)
  - 2024 reintroduced LMAT (Labor Management Action Team) to review monthly productivity results
    - SVP Ops chairs meeting, supported by finance team
    - 5% variance requires submission of action plan
- Staffing up to support new hospital opening and low summer volumes= productivity challenges

### **Bi-Weekly Productivity Management Tool**





- Qlikview Tool
- Managers and above have access to all cost centers
- Updates daily, timecards managed bi-weekly which impacts usefulness prior to pay period close

### **Monthly Productivity Reporting**

										Eg	leston											
June MTD										June YTD												
									High Cost L	abor										High Cost I	Labor	
		Budget PHUOS	PHUOS	Flex Hours Var	FTE Var	Salary Impact Var	CL FTE	CL Expense	Intl FTE	Intl FTE Expense	Shift Inc/Bonu	c	Budget PHUOS		Flex Hours Var	FTE Var	Salary Impact Var	CL FTE	CL Expense	Intl FTE	Intl FTE Expense	Shift Inc/Bonus
Patient Care Services (ECH)				(537)	(3.1) \$	(26,171)	-	\$ -	1.7	27,922	\$ 188				5,220	5.0	230,319	0.0	\$ 4,511	8.4	139,339	\$ 10,996
GPC Fourth Floor ECH	12.8	13.1	0.3	316	1.8 \$	13,848			1.0 \$	15,513			13.1	0.6	4,707	4.5	206,247	0.0	\$ 3,251	4.0	64,162	\$ 4,094
GPC Fifth Floor ECH	14.1	13.3	(0.8)	(853)	(5.0) \$	(40,019)			0.7 \$	12,409	\$ 77	13.2	13.3	0.1	513	0.5	24,071	0.0	\$ 1,260	4.4	75,177	\$ 6,902
Critical Care (ECH)				(4,455)	(26.0) \$	(246,955)	2.4	\$ 46,292	9.4	164,358	\$ 8,120				(25,613)	(24.6)	(1,408,901)	4.7	\$ 483,530	48.6	846,485	\$ 66,144
NICU ECH	19.1	17.0	(2.0)	(2,900)	(17) \$	(163,857)	1.4	\$ 26,248	5.6	96,967	\$ 359	18.7	17.0	(1.7)	(14,583)	(14.0)	(823,929)	3.8	\$ 382,179	29.7	515,416	\$ 15,861
PICU ECH	24.9	23.5	(1.4)	(1,493)	(8.7) \$	(80,443)	1.0	\$ 20,044	2.9 \$	49,487	\$ 7,905	25.1	23.5	(1.6)	(10,203)	(9.8)	(549,715)	0.8	\$ 84,986	14.2	244,657	\$ 49,450
TICU ECH	18.3	18.1	(0.2)	(62)	(0.4) \$	(2,655)			1.0 \$	17,904	\$ (144	18.6	18.1	(0.5)	(827)	(0.8)	(35,256)	0.2	\$ 16,365	4.7	86,412	\$ 834
Cardiac Operations				(2,040)	(11.9) \$	(98,391)	1.0	\$ 19,872	0.2	-	\$ 22,485				(9,912)	(9.5)	(396,437)	3.3	\$ 381,347	2.3	26,600	\$ 114,497
Heart Center ACU ECH	18.6	18.0	(0.6)	(581)	(3) \$	(24,869)			0.1		\$ 242	18.7	18.0	(0.7)	(3,877)	(3.7)	(165,949)	0.0	\$ 4,405	0.1		\$ 6,370
Heart Center ICU ECH	27.9	26.0	(1.9)	(1,656)	(10) \$	(87,339)			0.1		\$ 11,545	27.7	26.0	(1.7)	(9,048)	(8.7)	(477,202)	3.1	\$ 355,719	0.6		\$ 53,568
Heart Center Cath Lab ECH					- \$	- •	1.0	\$ 19,872			\$ 2,858					-		0.2	\$ 21,223			\$ 3,506
Heart Center CVOR ECH	26.9	28.7	1.8	114	0.7 \$	6,700					\$ 2,538	27.8	28.7	1.0	404	0.4	23,746			1.6	26,600	\$ 2,538
Heart Center ECMO ECH	46.9	48.3	1.4	83	0.5 \$	7,116					\$ 5,302	43.3	48.3	5.1	2,609	2.5	222,967					\$ 48,515
HemOnc Inpt (ECH)				(1,064)	(6.2) \$	(40,295)	-	\$ -	0.9	18,273	\$ 2,783				(6,617)	(6.4)	(256,987)	0.0	\$ 3,769	5.0	102,236	\$ 54,592
HemOnc IP ECH	14.9	14.8	(0.1)	(59)	(0.3) \$	(2,722)	0	0	0.9 \$	18,273	\$ 895	15.0	14.8	(0.2)	(1,073)	(1.0)	(49,734)	0.0	\$ 1,456	4.8	102,236	\$ 31,753
HemOnc Overflow IP ECH	16.0	12.8	(3.2)	(1,005)	(5.9) \$	(37,573)	0	0	0.1		\$ 1,888	15.6	12.8	(2.8)	(5,544)	(5.3)	(207,252)	0.0	\$ 2,313	0.2		\$ 22,839
Transplant Stepdown Unit	15.6	13.9	(1.7)	(748)	(4.4) \$	(33,571)			2.7 \$	42,511	\$ 1,781	15.2	13.9	(1.3)	(3,530)	(3.4) \$	(158,552)			12.0	189,281	\$ 14,776
Emergency ECH	4.4	3.3	(1.1)	(5,546)	(32.4) \$	(239,164)			1.4 \$	24,312	\$ 120	3.9	3.3	(0.7)	(24,290)	(23.4)	(1,047,368)			8.1 \$	138,295	\$ 33,974
EG Inpatient and ED				(14,390)	(83.9) \$	(684,547)	3.4	\$ 66,163	16.4	277,375	\$ 35,478		, i		(64,743)	(62.3)	(3,037,927)	8.2	\$ 873,158	84.4	\$ 1,442,237	294,979

- Excel Based; Finance prepares and distributes in month end package
- High level, supplement with QV productivity tool
- Estimate calculated impact of variance, including high-cost labor results

### **LMAT** Meeting

- Criteria for attendance: previous 2 pay period's FTE unfavorable 5%
- Focus on challenges + mitigation plans going forward
- Struggling with accountability to deliver on mitigation plans

#### **Reporting Example**

To be provided by Financial Operations Team										
Cost Center	Actual Vol	Actual Prod Hrs	Target Prod Hrs	Hours Var	ADC	Act PHUOS	Target PHUOS	FTE Variance	%	
12325 - GPC Third Floor SR	714	9,491	8,892	(599)	25	13.3	12.5	(3.7)	-30%	
2023-pp19	349	4,594	4,345	(249)	25	13.2	12.5	(3.1)	-25%	
2023-pp18	365	4,897	4,547	(350)	26	13.4	12.5	(4.4)	-35%	

To be completed by Clinical Director									
Issues impacting productivity (Volume, Staffing, Acuity,)	Action Steps	Expected Outcome	Completion Date						
Lower census in these payperiods	Flex staff to volume	Favorable performance when volumes return	Q4 2023						
Reviewed staffing ratios in both pay period. Identified a few opportunites.	Educate Charge RN to flex staff to volume. Consider calling someone in if volumes	Improvement in PHUOS	Q4 2023						
FTE approved mid-year, PHUOS do not reflect new staff	Next budget cycle incorporate new resource	Increase in PHUOS to reflect approved FTE	Q1 2024						



# **Benchmarking**

### **Benchmarking**

- Current Situation
  - Actively submitting PROSPECT data
  - 2018 was last year of "true" benchmarking
  - Balancing benchmarking resource requirements with opening of AMBH
- Future Plans (4<sup>th</sup> QTR 2024)
  - Finance to validate Prospect submissions (2022 Workday Conversion)
  - Identify comparison groups, targeted performance (top quartile)
  - Develop internal reporting/tools
  - Will not engage operations until 2025 (post AMBH opening)



# **Pay Practices**

### **Pay Practices**

- Current Situation
  - 2022 Workday conversion highlighted pay practice challenges
  - Compensation versus Payroll
  - Not all pay practices "automated" in Workday/API; many require manual intervention of Timekeepers and Managers
- Future Plans
  - HR/Compensation currently documenting all pay practices
  - Labor Management Team to review and make recommendations to revise pay practices to allow for coding/automated administration within Workday/API
  - Evaluate stacking of Diffs/Incentive pay with goal to limit/cap
  - Ensure pay practices are included within policies when appropriate, documentation provided to users

## **Pay Practice Inventory**

		Workday Compensation	Workday Compensation			Applicable	Workday					
Pay Practice Category	Sub-Category	Plan	Element	2023 Earnings (\$)	Documented?	Policy	Earning Code(s)	TIME Codes	Job Condition	Eligible Job Codes	Notes	Internal Notes / Questions
egular Earnings	Salaried	Salary Plan	Base Pay	\$332,812,259		3.04	REGS	REGS	X	All Salaried		
	Hourly	Hourly Plan	Base Pay	\$429,713,894		3.04	REGH	REG, *PTS	X	All Hourly	Productive time	
	Orientation	Hourly Plan / Salary Plan	Base Pay	\$19,537,624			ORI	ORI, ORF, ORN,		All	Non-productive	
	Professional Leave/ Training	Hourly Plan	Base Pay	\$7,441,604			PRL	TRE, TRI, WSTRI,	X	All Hourly	Non-productive	
	Administrative/Meetings	Hourly Plan	Base Pay	\$10,818,876			ADM	ADMS, ADMU, WSADMS, WSADMU	Х	All Hourly	Non-productive	
vertime	Overtime	Hourly Plan	Base Pay	\$8,256,103	X	3.22	OVT	OVT	Х	All Hourly		Review exempt ees clocking in as PRN
	Overtime (Alabama) Earnings code: Overtime Hours * Reg Hourly Rate for AL	Hourly Plan	Base Pay	\$0	x	3.22	OTAL	OVT	х	All Hourly (work state is AL)	OT hours where work state is AL. New code effective 1/1/2024. One employee clocking in 2024.	2024 to date: Medical Lab Tech clocking limited OT hours
centive & Bonus												
Base Pay	Shift Incentive Pay (5% - 50%)	Hourly Plan	Base Pay	\$4,862,889	х	3.43	SHIFTINCV	S11, S12, S13, S14, S15, S16, S17, S18, S19	х	All Hourly	Approval requirements are well- documented in the policy; 24 hr/week requirement is a dissatisfier for workers with shifts < 10 hours	No Job Code Condition rules a present; No clear process in place for approval audits
	Shift Fixed Rate (Bonus) Payment	Hourly Plan	Base Pay	\$583,867	х		SHIFTFRP	FR01, FR02, FR03, FR04, FR05, FR06	Х	All Hourly	24 hr/week requirement is a dissatisfier for workers with shifts lasting < 10 hours	
	Anesthesia Premium Pay	Hourly Plan	Base Pay	\$0			PRM	OTA1 & OTA2 - Inactive			Inactive in Time. Should the earnings code be deactivated?	
Discretionary	Referral Bonus	Ad Hoc/Allied Health/Clinical Support /Director+/ IS&T/Non- Clinical Prof./Non- Clinical Support/Nurse CN1/Nursing/Physician/P ractice Manager Referral	Referral Bonus / Ad Hoc Referral Bonus	Incl. in DBONUS sub-total (\$5,069,268)	х	4.01	DBONUS	N/A	х	All except: Directors+, Recruiting, Managers within Dept., referrals of interns/contractors/consult ants	Currently under Legal review for move to Nondiscretionary Bonus	Why are there 11 Referral Boni Plans that flow through one Compensation Element (Refer Bonus)?
	Sign On Bonus	Sign On Bonus	Sign On Bonus	Incl. in DBONUS sub-total (\$5,069,268)	х		DBONUS	N/A		All	Sign-On Bonus Repayment Agreement workflow in Workday. Recruiting manages eligible jobs and payment guidelines. Costs allocated to job cost center.	Standard clawback is 24 mont should there be tiers based of level of payment?
	Rotantian Panus (Discretianan)	Detention Report 1 or 3	Dotantian Panus /	Incl. in DRONIES	v		DRONILIS	NI/A		All	Estandad payments via Non	Documentation in Comp

### **Special Pay/Scheduling Practices**

Implemented/expanded during COVID Staffing crisis

Pay/Scheduling Practice	Amount	Requirements
Full Time Respiratory Therapy Diff	\$15/hr	Work 72 hours per pay period, diff only paid for bedside care
Critical Care Diff	\$10/hr >3 years \$5/hr < 3 years	Emergency, PICU, NICU, CICU, Transport; diff only paid for beside care hours
Night Shift Option Plan/ Weekend Staffing Plan	\$8.50-\$18.00/hr	Commit to work all Nights/Weekends
Lab/Rad weekend and night requirements	N/A	Lab and Rad techs have no weekend or night requirements, requires total reliance on WSOP/NSOP